



ALEXANDRIA, VA.
FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1873.

The Richmond Whig, speaking of the Legislature of Virginia, just adjourned, says:—"It is gratifying to be able to speak approvingly of the general good habits and gentlemanly bearing of the members of the two bodies. The session passed without any flagrant breach of decorum by any member, or without any of those scandals that now-a-days so often disgrace the representative bodies of this country. It was seldom that any display of personal bitterness or party rancor occurred. There was a kinder feeling and more of companionship between the members of the different parties than we have seen exhibited since the war."

In New York, yesterday, there were no new features in the stock speculation any more than on Wednesday or Monday, so far as any direct movement is taken into consideration, and until a more settled condition of affairs comes this department of trade is likely to represent no decided tone, and will be subject to the whims of money and gossip from Washington. The money market shows no present signs of ease, and renewal rates on call thus far are $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ per cent., with 7 per cent. interest added—mercantile paper being entirely neglected.

The mail train over the Harlem Extension Road that left Rurand Vt., at 9:05 a. m. yesterday, met with a serious accident at Hunt's Crossing, a half mile north of Bennington Station, caused by the spreading of the track. The locomotive and a milk car passed safely, but the baggage and mail car and a passenger coach were hurled from the track down an embankment about twelve feet high. The coach was turned over and remained bottom up. The smoking and mail cars were badly smashed and the trucks scattered in all directions.

In the act to apportion the Congressional representation of Tennessee, passed by the last Legislature, the following extraordinary section occurs: "That in the event of a tie vote between candidates for Congress, no one receiving the highest or greatest number of votes, the Governor shall determine the same by giving the casting vote, and issue the certificate of election accordingly." The probability of an occasion for the exercise of such a power is of course very remote.

President Grant recently appointed Mrs. L. A. Cary postmistress at Ashtabula, Ohio, and afterward wrote to General Garfield stating what he had done, and saying: "It is of a class of appointments I am glad to make, where it can be done—that is, in giving a soldier's widow an opportunity of supporting herself and orphan children. I hope it will be satisfactory to you and to the citizens of Ashtabula."

Members of the next House of Representatives have received official notification of the existence of one hundred vacancies in the Naval Academy, and requesting each to nominate a candidate from their respective districts, to appear for examination in July. The vacancies were caused by graduations, dismissals, and resignations. The President selects eleven, one being from the District of Columbia.

The idea is beginning to prevail that the whole matter of Civil Service Reform and the Board of Civil Service Reform, is not considered "much account" by the President, and especially that he will not be hampered or controlled by the opinions of that Board. The Washington Chronicle says that the matter was originated by the leaders of the so-called "Liberal party," partly for political effect.

The Southern claims commission yesterday heard the claims of Alfred H. Octavins, A. Elizabeth and Margaret L. Weaver, of Warrenton Junction, Va., amounting to about \$25,000 in all; Emma C. Platter, Fairfax county, Va., \$795; John M. Young, of Washington, for property taken in Alexandria county, Va., \$16,000; and John M. Shafer, of Fairfax county, Va., \$1,146.

The Charleston Daily Courier, which has been published uninterruptedly for seventy years, was purchased yesterday by the proprietors of the Charleston News. It is understood that the two papers are to be consolidated under the name of the News and Courier, which will be the only daily morning newspaper published in Charleston.

It has been found that Cincinnati whiskey contains ammonia, pyridine, picoline, lutidine, collidine, formic, acetic, propionic, butyric, valeric and carbonic acids, crotonic and stercoric. At any rate, it is said that tobacco contains all these things except stercoric, and Cincinnati whiskey contains tobacco.

On the occasion of his reception as a member of the French Academy, at Paris yesterday, the Duke d'Aumale made an address, remarkable for its freedom from all political allusions. He concluded with an appeal to "poor France" to take up her "broken sword, labor and take heart."

Warrants are now being issued from the Treasury Department, for the payment of awards made by the Southern Claims Commission; and about 200 claimants have been paid in the last three days. One warrant issued yesterday contained the names of 111 claimants, who received in the aggregate \$60,992.16.

The lines of ocean steamers now comprise 139 vessels, and not one of these lines is purely American, and only one has but little American capital. The foreign steamship interest is immense.

This week's number of Little's Living Age has been received and is as usual full of excellent reading.

The Courier-Journal says, "if the rule against cheating was rigidly enforced by the civil service, there would be an astonishing thinning out in the New Orleans custom house and other public offices."

It is announced that a searching investigation has been ordered by the Parliament of the Dominion, in whose waters the disaster to the Atlantic occurred.

A dispatch from New York says: "Mrs. Graf, who lost her husband and two children on the Atlantic is a raving maniac here consequent upon her affliction."

The steamship Atlantic was insured in London companies for \$150,000. The total number of souls upon the steamer when she sailed from Queenstown was 952.

The Marr heirs have met at Portland, Me., and formed what they call "The Marr Claim Association," to see if they can't secure "the estate of Marr, in Scotland, worth \$50,000,000."

We have received a copy of the message of John R. Ludlow, Mayor of Norfolk, giving a general statement of the present condition of that city.

The jury in the case of Tom Wright, under trial in Washington for murder, consists of six white and six colored men.

As soon as the weather grows warmer Senator Sumner is to return to his residence in Massachusetts.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

Yesterday afternoon an accident occurred at the Calvert Sugar Refinery, in Baltimore, resulting in the death of one man and the slight wounding of two others. Just previous to quitting work, one of the centrifugal machines used in the refinery burst, the fragments striking Wm. Jordan in the stomach, killing him instantly, and also striking, but only slightly injuring John H. Neary and a colored man.

Advices from Havana state that owing to the high price of beef there it was feared that an attack would be made on the butchers' stalls by the populace unless measures were taken by the Government to compel the clique of Spaniards who have monopolized the cattle market to reduce their prices.

The Legislature of Texas has passed a concurrent resolution requesting Governor Davis not to comply with the petition from Secretary Delano and President Grant for the pardon of the Indian chiefs, Santana and Big Tree, now confined in the Texas penitentiary.

In the Portuguese Parliament, yesterday, a deputy declared the Crown was beset with dangers from a latent revolutionary element. The Premier answered, showing that these fears were groundless, and appealing to the House to trust in the loyalty of the country.

The annual report of the Ways and Means Committee was made to the Council of the city of Baltimore last night, fixing the rate of taxation at \$1.63, the same with that of last year. The amount to be raised by taxation is \$2,872,225.57.

Mr. James Brooks was yesterday carried in a very feeble condition to the Norfolk steamboat at Washington, in the hope that a change of air to a warm season would aid in restoring him to health.

The Emperor of Austria yesterday gave his formal sanction to the electoral reform bill. The announcement in the Reichsrath was received with prolonged cheering.

A gale of wind blew down a house in Cherokee county, Kansas, on Monday night, killing one man and injuring several other members of the family.

For the first time in many years warrants on the Treasury of Philadelphia are paid on presentation. All the registered warrants are called in, and interest thereon ceases to-day.

Three United States Postoffices have been established on the islands acquired by the San Juan Arbitration.

It is formally announced that the trial of Marshal Bazaine will be proceeded with under the control of the committee on capitulation.

M. Grevy persists in his determination to resign the presidency of the French Assembly. Cassimir Perier, it is thought, will succeed him.

A telegram received in London from Rome, yesterday, announced that the Pope was slightly ill.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Six thousand square feet of ground at the lower end of Seventh street, near the Alexandria and Washington ferry, and now used as a lumber yard, having a warehouse, stable and wharf, sold yesterday for \$9,250. Lots on Meridian Hill sold yesterday at three and a quarter to thirteen cents per foot.

In the fashionable part of the city, in the locality of the Arlington Hotel, Corcoran's row and Scott Square, building lots on K street, between Vermont avenue and Fifteenth street, have recently been sold at \$3.50 and \$6.75 per foot. The property belonged to a colored man named Green, who, twenty-five years since, it is said, paid 3 cents per foot.

The remains of Parson Balch, one of the foremost men of the Presbyterian Church in this country at the opening of the present century, were disinterred yesterday at the old Bridge-Street Church, in Georgetown, and reburied in the burial ground on Market street.

Mr. F. H. Gassaway, assistant cashier of the Second National Bank tendered his resignation on Tuesday last. At a special meeting called to consider the same on the day following, Mr. Gassaway was elected cashier of that institution, vice D. L. Eaton, deceased, of that position was also declined by that gentleman.

A jury having been obtained in the case of Tom Wright, charged with the murder of Rogerski, the examination of the witnesses has commenced.

Fifty Thousand Dollars for a Divorce.

Westport, Conn., April 1, 1873.—The case of Mrs. Georgiana Alden vs. Stephen H. Alden, an application for divorce and alimony, was called up in the Superior Court (Judge Granger) at Bridgeport yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Alden, who is youthful and beautiful, appeared in person with her counsel, Judge D. C. Birdsall, of New York, and Mr. Henry B. Harrison, of New Haven. Mr. Alden did not appear, but was represented by Mr. S. B. Beardsley, of Bridgeport, Conn. The hearing occupied about one half hour. Mrs. Alden's testimony was corroborated by her maid, Fanny Larkin, said that Mr. Alden had been guilty of conduct calling for a divorce during the space of three years; that he had inflicted personal injury upon her and threatened her life more than once. The facts had long been known in social circles here, and Judge Granger granted the petition for divorce and alimony in the sum of \$50,000 and costs—about \$60,000 in all.

Mr. Alden is an exceedingly wealthy man, having purchased some years since, the magnificent house and grounds in Westport, known as "Compo," and owned by the late Richard H. Winslow, of the firm of Winslow, Lanier & Co., bankers of New York. With his youthful wife he had created quite a sensation, spending money freely and living in luxury.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Prior to the adjournment of the Legislature on Wednesday night, in the Senate, Mr. Anderson, of Rockbridge, on behalf of the members of the Senate, presented Shelton C. Davis, their clerk, with an elegant gold watch and chain; and the members of the House, through Mr. Gilman, of Richmond, presented their clerk, John Bell Bieger, with a costly service of silver. The Senate voted a dollar a day extra for the session to all their officers.

A bill has passed the Legislature amending the Funding Bill, so that coupons hereafter issued shall not be made "receivable for taxes," and declaring that Virginia does not hold herself bound for the payment of the "West Virginia certificates," except to distribute such funds as West Virginia may pay over to her for that purpose.

A verdict for \$18,000 against John Kelly, of the Sweet Springs, growing out of the partnership of Kelly & Largeny, contractors on the Blue Ridge tunnel, was given in favor of the representatives of the estate of Largeny at the March term of the Alleghany Circuit Court.

The Governor has commissioned H. W. Thomas, esq., Col. Robert Old, Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, and Messrs. B. F. Rixey and Gilbert Meun a board of visitors for Mount Vernon, in accordance with the charter of the Mount Vernon Association.

Marye, Fitzhugh & English have sold 145 acres of E. M. McDowell's land, in Stafford county, 15 miles from Fredericksburg, to Mrs. Mary Ann Stevenson, for \$1,800—about \$12.50 per acre.

Old "Aunt Franky Campbell," well-known and highly respected in Fredericksburg, died suddenly last Tuesday morning, in the 73d year of her age.

It is stated that Colonel William E. Cameron, formerly of the Petersburg Index, will be associated with Major Baker P. Lee in the editorial management of the Richmond Enquirer.

Edgar Lucas, colored, of Orange county, convicted of burglary, has been received at the penitentiary.

A little child of Mrs. Coffman, of Staunton, aged about sixteen months, was burned to death last Friday.

CHESAPEAKE PRESBYTERY.—At the meeting of the Presbytery in Baltimore, yesterday, Polesville, in Montgomery county, was selected as the place for holding the next stated meeting and the 20th of October next as the time for the opening of the session. Rev. Dr. White, Dr. Bullock and Elder Isaac D. Jones, were appointed a committee on overtures from the General Assembly, respecting canons of discipline. Rev. Dr. J. D. Mitchell, commissioner with Rev. C. N. Campbell alternate, were elected to the General Assembly, which meets on the third Thursday in May, 1873, in Little Rock, Arkansas. A resolution looking to the appointment of a committee to inquire into the expediency and practicability of building another church in Baltimore, met with some opposition from Rev. Dr. Bullock and Rev. Dr. Lefevre, and was finally withdrawn.

The church in Alexandria has complied with the instructions of the General Assembly with reference to systematic benevolence.

A statistical report for sessional records was made from the Alexandria church.

Dr. Bullock and Mr. E. F. Witmer, of Alexandria, were appointed on the committee on statistical records.

Elder Witmer, from the sustentation committee, submitted a report which states that there are fourteen ministers preaching within the bounds of the Presbytery, and two not in connection therewith. About two thousand dollars would be necessary to bring up all the churches in the Presbytery to a standard of eight hundred dollars per annum for each pastor. Seven of the ministers, apart from the sustentation fund, receive a salary of less than \$600. The average salaries outside of cities and large towns, apart from the sustentation fund, is \$448. The increase on the average of the salaries of the ministers in the last year was \$104. It is expected that \$2,850 will be raised from the churches during the year 1873 for sustentation and evangelistic work, and there is due by the churches on this account \$1,408.

The committee regret the resignation of Rev. J. D. Mitchell, who has been appointed agent of Hampden Sydney College.

WOMAN'S WORK.—Mathematics is not usually considered her strong point; and yet in England, not long ago, the authorities of Girton College having preferred a request to Cambridge University for the admission of Miss M. W. Woodhead to the mathematical tripos examination, the examiners consented to look over her papers. The examination was precisely similar to that of the under graduates, and the marks assigned to Miss Woodhead would have placed an under graduate among the senior optimes, i. e., in the second class of mathematical honors. The committee of Girton College thereupon secured the services of Miss Woodhead as resident mathematical tutor during the ensuing term. Again, the Prussian Minister of Commerce has issued instructions permitting the employment of women on the State railway lines. The female members of the families of railway officials, in case of need, perform all indoor work, and may even sell tickets, the officials being held responsible.

A STORY WITH A MORAL.—A story is told, says the New York Tribune, of a French gentleman, who, having lost the bulk of his property through the reckless efforts in whom he trusted, crowded out all by the loss of his mental balance, and for the remainder of his days found his only delight in riding in omnibuses and passing fares from the passengers to driver, taking care when change was returned to add to it a son or two from his own pocket, and watch the effect on the receiver. In nine cases out of ten, as the story goes, the passenger, counting over his change, and finding as he supposed, that the driver had cheated himself would look bewildered for a moment, and then pocket the change with a quiet chuckle. The special delight of the lunatic was in satisfying himself in this way that nine-tenths of his fellow-men were dishonest if they only had the opportunity.

REV. MR. TALMAGE, pastor of the Brooklyn Tabernacle, and one of the most popular pulpits in the East, is receiving a deserved recognition at the hands of the press for a most undignified sensational spectacle, in which he was one of the principal actors. At a fancy fair held at the Brooklyn Academy of Music by the ladies of his congregation, it was announced that on a certain night any respectable couple who wished to be married, free of cost, in the costume of a hundred years ago, on the stage of the Academy, should make application to the managers. To this wedding spectators were admitted at fifty cents a head; the rush was immense. Parson Talmage spliced the pair, two greenhorns from Connecticut, everybody guffawed, and the church treasury was full to overflowing!

DOLLARS FOR CHINA.—To obviate in part the disadvantages under which American merchants trading with China labor, from this Congress has decided to coin a new silver dollar, especially for the Asiatic trade, which will be worth five cents more than the gold dollar, and a considerable fraction of a cent more than the Mexican silver dollar. This, it is thought, will relieve our importers from the necessity of buying foreign coin, and in time give to American bullion the preference in the Oriental market.

The Embezzlement Law.

The following is the act passed by the Legislature to prevent fraudulent conversions of money or property and the fraudulent failure to comply with certain contracts or agreements, and to repeal sections 21 and 22 of the Code of 1860 in relation to embezzlement:

Be it enacted, etc., That if any servant, clerk, banker, broker, agent, attorney, consignee, trustee, common carrier, bailor, custodian, personal representative, tutor, or any person holding any office or trust under the laws of this State, or in the service of any public or private corporation or company, shall wrongfully and fraudulently use, dispose of, convert, or embezzle any money, bill, note, check, order, draft, bond, receipt, bill of lading, or any other property which he shall have received for another, or for his employer, principal, or bailor, or by virtue of his office, trust, or employment, or which shall have been intrusted to his care, keeping, or possession by another, or by his employer, principal, or bailor, or by any court, corporation, or company, he shall be deemed guilty of larceny thereof.

2. If any commission merchant, consignee, agent, or other person, storing or shipping goods, wares, merchandise, grain, flour, or other produce or commodity in his own name, being in the possession thereof for or on account of another party, selling, negotiating, pledging, hypothecating the same, or any part thereof, or the receipt or bill of lading received therefor, and fraudulently failing to account for or pay over to his principal or owner of the property the amount so received on such negotiation, pledge, or hypothecation, he shall be adjudged guilty of the larceny thereof.

3. If any person shall obtain from a commission merchant an advance of money, merchandise, or other thing upon a promise or agreement that he will send to such commission merchant his crop or other property when ready for market, and shall by his own act or fault fail or refuse to do so, with intent to defraud, he shall be deemed guilty of the larceny of such money, merchandise, or other thing.

4. Any person prosecuted under this act shall be allowed to testify in his own behalf.

5. Sections 21 and 22 of chapter 192 of the Code of 1860 are hereby repealed.

MR. JUSTICE CLIFFORD, of the Supreme Court, authorizes a denial of the story that he was present at a consultation with Attorney General Speed, or with any other person, in regard to the prosecution of Mr. Jefferson Davis for treason, and declares that he never disclosed at a dinner-table, or in any other place, the reasons assigned for the abandonment of that prosecution; that he could not do so, as he does not possess any knowledge upon the subject. Further inquiry on this subject yields the information that the person intended by the newspaper paragraph was Governor Clifford, of Massachusetts, who had been engaged and was to have taken part in the presentation. The matter was dropped on account of the doubt entertained whether Mr. Davis did not fall within the amnesty proclamation, and whether a conviction could be obtained.

CLARKE COUNTY TAXES.—The rate of taxation for State and all other purposes in this county will aggregate something like 90 cents on the \$100 of taxable value. We want to know whether the tax is a reasonable one, or whether it is a burden on the people. We have first, the State tax; second, the county tax; third, the township and, as a consequence, the tax payer never knows when he is done paying taxes. The right of a township to levy a tax ought to be abolished, as so many systems necessarily multiply offices and increase the expenses of government. It is to be hoped that all classes and conditions of men will demand that another Legislature shall call a State convention to frame a constitution better adapted to the necessities of our people.—Clarke Courier.

A DEER'S VISIT.—On Saturday afternoon last some boys started a beautiful young doe in the mountains above March Chunk, and chased it toward the borough. The frightened animal ran down one of the steep hills at the back of the houses in March Chunk, and jumped in at a kitchen window, ran through the kitchen, dining-room and parlor, and through a front window into the street. A large crowd was speedily assembled, and surrounding the doe, it was driven into the jail-yard, where it was captured. In passing through the windows of the house the doe was considerably cut, but not seriously. The results of the deer's exploits were a surprised family and some smashed glass, an excited town, and either a pet doe for somebody or a quantity of venison.—Alexandria (Pa.) Chronicle.

MR. CHARLES M. BARRAS, the author of the "Black Crook," whose accidental death was recorded a few days since, is said to have made nearly \$100,000 from the piece when first brought out by Barras, Jarrett & Palmer at the old Niblo's Garden. At the time of his death his main business was the making of contracts with managers for the right to produce his play in certain districts for a term of years. Mr. Barras formerly lived at Cosew, where his death occurred, having built an elegant residence on the site of the village, there. Some of his family having died, he sold the place to Mr. Edwin Barth. Last winter he lived in New York, but he visited Cosew nearly every Sunday night.

A WORD OF WARNING.—To any parties who may contemplate leaving Virginia we commend the following words of warning which come from a subscriber of the Virginia in Jackson county, Missouri:—Lexington Virginia.

"Money in this country is reckoned as among the things that were, all enterprise stands at a dead end. Say to all young men that can make an honest living in Virginia to hold on, or to me and look for themselves before moving bed and board, as many have done with just cause for regrets."

The Presbytery of East Hanover will meet in Fredericksburg, on Wednesday, April 16th. This Presbytery includes the Presbyterian churches of Richmond, Petersburg and Norfolk.

MARRIED.—In Washington, D. C., March 9th, by Rev. Mr. Tibbitts, pastor of the Metropolitan M. E. Church, AUGUST H. EHLERT, and Miss IDA HOWARD, both of this city.

[Baltimore Sun please copy.]

OBITUARY.—Departed this life, in this city, CARROLL MASON, son of the late William J. T. Mason, of Temple Hill, and grandson of Judge Thomas Mason, of revolutionary fame. Lamenting from his ancestors a name equal to any that illustrated the annals of Virginia, he preserved it without spot and without blemish. Gifted with superior intellectual endowments, acquired knowledge added to what nature had so liberally bestowed. His wit was genial and sparkling, and no one was ever wounded by his flashes. A kind and unselfish spirit ever ruled his actions. His friends were many; of his enemies we never heard. In the latter part of his life he was stricken with palsy, and although he could not move, his singular fortitude, comforted with the hope that his trial was but for a season. Death for him had no sting, for his faith was founded upon the Rock of Ages, and he welcomed its approach as a release, for he knew that he was passing from darkness into light.—From the eulogy and sorrows of this world into the presence of his God, at whose right hand are joys for evermore. May we imitate his example, and learn to estimate, at their true value, the vanities of this life, and may we, like him, seek the "one thing needful."

"Death's path once trod, Heaven lifts her over-arching portals high, And bids the pure in heart behold their God."

COMMERCIAL.

Alexandria Market, April 4, 1873.

Flour, Superfine.....\$7.50 @ 7.50
Extra.....6.00 @ 6.25
Family.....5.00 @ 5.50
Family choice.....4.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT, Common to fair.....1.45 @ 1.55
Fair to good.....1.55 @ 1.75
Good to prime.....1.75 @ 1.85
Prime to choice red.....1.85 @ 1.90
Prime to choice white.....1.90 @ 1.95
CORN, white.....0.00 @ 0.02
Mixed.....0.00 @ 0.02
Yellow.....0.00 @ 0.02
OATS.....0.00 @ 0.05
RICE, prime.....0.20 @ 0.35
Common to middling.....0.20 @ 0.30
EGGS.....0.16 @ 0.17
CHICKENS, dressed.....0.30 @ 0.40
DRESSED POTATOES.....1.10 @ 1.25
ONIONS.....2.00 @ 2.50
CLOVER SEED.....5.75 @ 6.00
Timothy.....4.00 @ 4.25
BACON, Hams, country.....15 @ 18
Western.....0.15 @ 0.16
Sides.....0.09 @ 0.10
Shoulders.....0.08 @ 0.09
LARD.....0.08 @ 0.09
DRESSED BUNS.....6.50 @ 7.00
GREEN APPLES.....1.50 @ 1.75
PLASTER, ground, per ton.....9.50 @ 0.00
Ground, in bags or bbls.....9.50 @ 0.00
Ground, in bags, returned.....9.50 @ 0.00
SALT, G. A. (Liverpool).....1.05 @ 1.15
Fine.....2.45 @ 2.75
Wool, common to good.....0.30 @ 0.35
Washed.....0.40 @ 0.55
Sterno, unwashed.....0.30 @ 0.35
Merino, washed.....0.60 @ 0.65
HAY, per ton from the cars.....25.00 @ 30.00

REMARKS.—Flour is dull, but not quotably lower. Extras are in moderate request for home consumption, but for the higher grades dealers will have to make concessions to effect sales; receipts are light, but ample for the demand; shipments during the week of 300 barrels Family. Wheat opened with light receipts and a fair demand, the bulk of the offerings being taken by shippers and speculators at a decline of 5c; the market closes active at the decline; offerings to-day 137 bushels red, with sales at 175¢ for good, and 184¢ for prime. Corn opened firm, but as the week advanced prices fell off and the market, at its close, may be quoted dull at a decline of 12c; offerings to-day of 585 bushels mixed and 70 of yellow, with sales of the former at 10¢ and 12¢. Rice quiet and unchanged. Onions are very active for seed. Good Butter is in demand, with a light stock. Receipts of Eggs are fair, with a tendency of prices downwards; the market closes at a decline of 3c. Poultry is in light receipt, with a good demand. The enquiry for early seed Potatoes is falling off, while waiting Potatoes are in fair request. Onions are in light receipt, with a good demand, and prices are tending upwards. We have no change to note in Seeds; the demand is inactive. Bacon is active and firm at an advance of 1¢ to 2¢ on sides and shoulders. Dressed Hogs are inactive. The arrivals this week of several cargoes of Liverpool Salt has affected the market, and prices are 5 to 10¢ off.

ALEXANDRIA CATTLE MARKET, April 4.—Cattle, Sheep and Hogs being in light supply this week, with an advance in all kinds of stock, both West and East, caused a stiffness and corresponding advance in prices here. A number of Cattle and Sheep and a few Hogs offered at the fair, and the market was fairly active throughout for all grades. The quality of the Cattle generally has been only medium, there being but very few "tops," the lower grades being also scarce.

Sheep.—The receipts are a little lighter in point of numbers than last week, but yet not up to the demand, and prices are higher, considering quality. There have been very few good sheep on the market, and the prospects are that prices will be fairly maintained for some time longer. We quote fair to good wool Sheep at 14¢ to 15¢ for extra 78¢, and clipped 14¢ to 15¢ for good. Receipts this week 922 head.

Hogs.—The receipts during the past week have been very light, more so than for a long time, and in consequence of the scarcity of the market, and the falling off in the arrivals for several successive weeks previous, prices have been steadily advancing, and during this week this has been the case to a greater extent than for the same length of time for months past, until the highest point reached is 10¢ to 12¢ above the market of last week. The receipts have been absorbed as fast as they came to hand, butchers having to be put off with half the number needed. We quote still-fair to good 75¢ to 80¢, and corn-fed Hogs at 82¢ to 85¢ per 100 lbs net, and the market here closing with good prospects. Receipts this week 3834 head.

GEORGETOWN CATTLE MARKET, April 3.—There were only 200 Cattle, 300 Sheep and 20 Cows and Calves offered to-day. Owing to the support the market was rather active, and continued to advance, closing at an early hour, with all the offerings disposed of, at from 4 to 7¢ for Cattle, 5 to 7¢ for clipped and 7 to 8¢ for wool Sheep, and 25 to 30¢ for Cows and Calves.

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET, April 3.—Cattle: Receipts 2500; sales to shippers at 4.75 to 5.10; extra Steers 6.40 to 6.60; Stockers 5.50 to 5.80; closing quiet. Hogs active and advanced 30¢ to 35¢ with an urgent demand; receipts 12,000, extra range 5.30 to 5.50 outside for two assorted drives; bulk sales 5.00 to 5.20; all sold and market closed firm. Sheep dull and weak and declined 25¢, closing at 4.25 to 4.50.

LYNCHBURG MARKET, April 3.—There has been a decrease in the receipts of Tobacco, and prices are a little lower. Flour quiet and the demand. Receipts of Wheat increasing, and prices less firm; white 170 to 180; red 165 to 175. Corn in good way at 75 to 75. Oats scarce at 50 to 55. Rye 70 to 72.

RICHMOND MARKET, April 3.—Tobacco has been somewhat more buoyant, with large receipts of common. Very light receipts of Grain, with small sales of red Wheat at 102. Corn 75. Oats 55. Nothing doing in Rye.

FREDERICKSBURG MARKET, April 3.—Very little doing. Receipts of Grain light. Wheat quoted at 150 to 160 for common to choice white and red. Corn 65 to 65. Oats 55 to 55. Rye 70 to 70.

CUMBERLAND COAL TRADE.—The shipments of Cumberland coal for the week ending March 24th, amounted to 21,818 tons 14 cwt., showing a decrease compared with the corresponding week of last year of 488 tons 17 cwt. For the year 1872 729,700 tons 10 cwt. were shipped, an increase of 52,887 tons 10 cwt. over the like period in 1871. The railroad shipments show an increase of 2,500 tons 10 cwt. while the canal shipments show a decrease of 12,000 tons 10 cwt., the result of the bottom's "strike" on rates the opening weeks.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, April 4, 1873.
SUN ROSE.....5.40 @ MOON SETS.....1.21
SUN SETS.....0.25

ARRIVED.
Scho T C Worral, Norfolk, and Susquehanna, Baltimore, to Stuart & Perry.
Sailed.
Steamer John Gibson, New York, by Hoos & Johnston.
Steamer Georganna, Baltimore, by Hoos & Johnston.
Steamer Wawana, Cape river, by Potomac Ferry Company.
Barque Thana, Georgetown, by Hoos & Johnston.

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Prime to choice red.....1.85 @ 1.90
Prime to choice white.....1.90 @ 1.95
CORN, white.....0.00 @ 0.02
Mixed.....0.00 @ 0.02
Yellow.....0.00 @ 0.02
OATS.....0.00 @ 0.05
RICE, prime.....0.20 @ 0.35
Common to middling.....0.20 @ 0.30
EGGS.....0.16 @ 0.17
CHICKENS, dressed.....0.30 @ 0.40
DRESSED POTATOES.....1.10 @ 1.25
ONIONS.....2.00 @ 2.50
CLOVER SEED.....5.75 @ 6.00
Timothy.....4.00 @ 4.25
BACON, Hams, country.....15 @ 18
Western.....0.15 @ 0.16
Sides.....0.09 @ 0.10
Shoulders.....0.08 @ 0.09
LARD.....0.08 @ 0.09
DRESSED BUNS.....6.50 @ 7.00
GREEN APPLES.....1.50 @ 1.